



GMA 2011

Riunione del Gruppo Materiali dell'AIMETA

Convegno in onore di Cesare Davini



Sala Gusmani, Palazzo Antonini
Udine, 23-26 Febbraio 2011

Con il contributo di:



Con il patrocinio di:



Programma GMA 2011

Mercoledì, 23 Febbraio 2011 – Palazzo Antonini, Sala Gusmani

12:30 – 14:00 **Registrazione**

14:00 – 14:30 **Saluti ed apertura dei lavori**

14:30 – 15:30 **Prima General Lecture**

U. Galvanetto

Problems in the mechanics of advanced composite materials and structures

15:30 – 16:45 **Sessione I** Chairman: C. Davini

15:30 – 15:45 G. Borino, G. V. Marannano, F. Parrinello, A. Pasta, M. Terranova
Cyclic delamination analysis: experimental and cohesive-frictional interface element modelling

15:45 – 16:00 A. Cavicchi, R. Massabò
Interaction of damage mechanisms in sandwich beams subject to static and dynamic out-of-plane loadings

16:00 – 16:15 E. Radi, P.M. Mariano
Steady-state propagation of dislocations in planar quasicrystals

16:15 – 16:30 A. Salvadori, P.A. Wawrzynek, A.R. Ingraffea, A. Carini
On the mixed mode growth of brittle and interface cracks

16:30 – 16:45 C. Zanini, L. Freddi, R. Paroni, T. Roubicek.
Quasi-static delamination models for Kirchhoff-Love plates

16:45 – 17:15 **Pausa**

17:15 – 18:45 **Sessione II** Chairman:

17:15 – 17:30 L. Freddi, M.G. Mora, R. Paroni
From 3D non-linear elasticity to 1D elastic models for thin walled beams

17:30 – 17:45 M. Serpilli, L. Consolini, S. Lenci
Limit models for low, mean and high frequencies of a layered beam

17:45 – 18:00 R. Paroni, G. Tomassetti
A variational justification of linear elasticity with residual stress

18:00 – 18:15 L. La Ragione, V. Magnanimo
Anisotropy and coordination number for a granular assembly

18:15 – 18:30 M. Angelillo, E. Babilio, A. Fortunato
Equilibrium of masonry vaults

CYCLIC DELAMINATION ANALYSIS: EXPERIMENTAL AND COHESIVE-FRICTIONAL INTERFACE FINITE ELEMENT MODELLING

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Composite laminates are recognized as high performance structural materials, since they enjoy low weight and high strength features, moreover composites can be optimally employed since they can be designed and tailored following specific load carry requirements.

One of the main concern regarding laminate materials is the possibility of partial internal debonding between laminae, which can happen for several accidental causes and represent a possible starting condition for crack propagation and eventually structural failure.

The problem has been extensively studied, either in terms of experimental tests, or by nonlinear computational approaches. The most considered delamination test is the DCB (double cantilever beam) test and variations of it [1]. The test is based on a laminate beam, with an initial interlaminar defect, subjected to a monotonic increasing bending load.

The present contribution concerns with the analysis of a progressive delamination processes when a composite beam is subjected to cyclic loading. Actually, the typical experimental test for a composite beam in a mixed mode loading condition is extended to cyclic loading and the results in terms of progressive advancement of the crack and cyclic load displacement response are reported.

The actual mechanical problem is also modelled by Finite Element approach, adopting a recent developed interface element [2], which incorporate cohesive and frictional features.

It is shown that under cyclic loading the dissipation mechanisms are of two types, namely the classical crack opening work (fracture energy release) and the frictional energy dissipated. The last contribution in the cyclic contest is rather relevant, since the closing-opening mechanisms induced by the cyclic loading develops frictional energy dissipation even in the case of no crack propagation condition. Finally the good accuracy between tests and computation is commented.

References

- [1] G.V. Marannano, A. Pasta, An analysis of interface delamination mechanisms in orthotropic and hybrid fiber-metal composite laminates, *Engineering Fracture Mechanics*, **74**, 612–626, 2007.
- [2] F. Parrinello, B. Failla, G. Borino, Cohesive–frictional interface constitutive model, *Int. J. Solids and Structures*, **46**, 2680–2692, 2009