Supplementary Material:

Tunable IR perfect absorbers enabled by tungsten doped VO2 thin films

Maria Cristina Larciprete¹, Daniele Ceneda¹, Daniele Scirè³, Mauro Mosca³, Dominique Persano Adorno⁴, Sina Abedini Dereshgi², Roberto Macaluso³, Roberto Li Voti¹, Concita Sibilia¹, Tiziana Cesca⁵, Giovanni Mattei⁵, Koray Aydin² and Marco Centini¹

¹ Dipartimento di Scienze di Base ed Applicate per l'Ingegneria, Sapienza Università di Roma, Rome, Italy

² Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering, Northwestern University, Evanston, Illinois 60208, United States

³ Department of Engineering, University of Palermo, Viale delle Scienze, Ed. 9, Palermo, 90128, Italy

⁴ Department of Physics and Chemistry "E. Segré", University of Palermo, Viale delle Scienze, ed.
18, Palermo, 90128, Italy

⁵ Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Padova, via Marzolo 8, I-35131 Padova, Italy



Figure S1. Reflectivity spectra measured at 15° incidence angle from an undoped VO₂ film, 480 nm thick (without W doping) at different polarization states (0° stands for p-polarization, 90° stands for s-polarization of the incident field). Temperature was fixed at room temperature (blue curves) and at 100 °C (red curves).



Figure S2. Reflectivity spectra measured at 30° incidence angle from an undoped VO₂ film, 480 nm thick (without W doping) at different polarization states (0° stands for p-polarization, 90° stands for s-polarization of the incident field). Temperature was fixed at room temperature (blue curves) and at 100 °C (red curves).



Figure S3. Reflectivity spectra measured at 15° incidence angle from a VO₂ film with an amount of W of about 0.75%, 480 nm thick, at different polarization states (0° stands for p-polarization, 90° stands for s-polarization of the incident field). Temperature was fixed at room temperature (blue curves) and at 100 °C (red curves).



Figure S4. Reflectivity spectra measured at 30° incidence angle from a VO₂ film with an amount of W of about 0.75%, 480 nm thick, at different polarization states (0° stands for p-polarization, 90° stands for s-polarization of the incident field). Temperature was fixed at room temperature (blue curves) and at 100 °C (red curves).



Figure S5. FT-IR reflectivity spectra measured at room temperature, at different incidence angles (see caption) from VO_2 film, about 480 nm thick, with W concentration of 0.75% and s-polarization of the incident field.